

**Patient:**

Age	≥ 85	80-84		75-79			70 - 74			65 - < 70		
Risk Score	HR, IR, LR	HR, IR	LR	HR	IR	LR	HR	IR	LR	HR	IR	LR
High Risk (HR): STS o. ES II > 8% / ES I >20%						*			*			
Int. Risk (IR): STS o. ES II 4-8% / ES I 10-20%												
Low Risk (LR): STS o. ES II < 4% / ES I < 10%												
<b>Contraindication against SAVR</b>												
Active malignant disease (life expectancy >1y)												
Prognosis limiting comorbidity												
Porcelain aorta												
Chest-radiation / -deformity												
<b>Cardiovascular criteria pro TAVI</b>												
Degenerated aortic bioprosthesis												
Previous cardiac surgery (e.g. IMA-bypass)												
Additional mitral regurgitation, suited for intervention												
CAD suited for PCI												
Internal carotid stenosis >75%, bilateral												
<b>Additional criteria pro TAVI</b>												
Moderate organ dysfunction (number)			1			1			≥ 2			
Severe organ dysfunction (number)		1			1			1		≥ 2		≥ 2
Frailty												
Multimorbidity												
<b>Contraindication against (TF)-TAVI</b>												
no vascular access	TA-TAVI	TA-TAVI	TA-TAVI	TA-TAVI	TA-TAVI		TA-TAVI (TA-TAVI)		TA-TAVI			
absolute contraindication												
relative contraindication												
<b>Cardiovascular criteria pro SAVR</b>												
additional cardiac condition requiring surgery												

\* = TF-TAVI superior (Partner-3 Study 1y death, stroke, rehospitalisation) or non-inferior (Evolut Low Risk Study 2y death, stroke)

	Decision Heart Team	Patient's preference
TF-TAVI		
first choice TF-TAVI, second choice SAVR		
SAVR or TF-TAVI*		
first choice SAVR, second choice TF-TAVI		
SAVR		

**Comments:**

Recommendation:  TF-TAVI     TA-TAVI     SAVR     Conservative

Valve Type and Size : \_\_\_\_\_

Date conference: \_\_\_\_\_ Heart Surgeon: \_\_\_\_\_ Cardiologist: \_\_\_\_\_ Anesthesiologist: \_\_\_\_\_

Date patient visit: \_\_\_\_\_ Heart Surgeon: \_\_\_\_\_ Cardiologist: \_\_\_\_\_ Anesthesiologist: \_\_\_\_\_

### Explanations to the indication matrix

#### Contraindications against SAVR

Porcelain aorta	extensive, circumferential calcification of the ascending aorta
Chest-radiation / -deformity	former radiation of the chest, thorax deformity prohibitive for surgery
Active malignant disease	e.g. hematological malignant disorders, solid neoplasms with life expectancy >1 year
Comorbidity, prognosis-limiting	e.g. multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, COPD Gold IV, life expectancy >1 year (individual decision)

#### Cardiovascular criteria pro TAVI

- Degenerated aortic bioprosthesis and age ≥70 years
- Previous cardiac surgery (e.g. IMA bypass) and age ≥70 years
- Additional mitral regurgitation suited for intervention and age ≥75 years
- CAD suited for PCI (according to heart team evaluation) and age ≥75 years
- Internal carotid stenosis ≥75%, bilateral and age ≥70 years

#### Additional criteria pro TAVI

Organ dysfunction	Moderate	Severe
Heart:	• EF 30-50%,	• EF <30%,
Lung:	• VC 50-80%, FEV1 50-79% predicted	• VC <50%, FEV1 <50% predicted
Kidney:	• GFR 30-50	• GFR <30
Liver:	• CHILD A	• CHILD > A
CNS:	• Mild neurological disease with minimal limitation in daily activities	• Neurological disease with relevant limitation in daily activities

#### Frailty assessed by EFT (Essential Frailty Toolset)-Test, (Frailty requires at least 3 of 5 possible points)

- Preprocedural anemia: Hb f <12 g/dl / m <13 g/dl (1 pt)
- Hypalbuminemia < 3.5 g/dl (1pt)
- Lower extremity weakness: 5 sit to stand repetitions >15s (1 pt), not possible (2 pts)
- Cognitive impairment: unable to recall 3 out of 3 words after a distractive task or MMT-Score <24 (1 pt)

#### Multimorbidity (≥2 conditions required)

- IDDM
- Oxygen dependency
- Obesity with BMI > 35
- Cognitive impairment
- Arthritis / arthralgia / degen. spine disease / osteoporosis, with severely impaired mobility
- Depression/anxiety disorder requiring therapy

#### Contraindications against (TF)-TAVI

##### Absolute contraindications:

- All patients: no vascular access (prohibitive PAD, lack of an alternative access) (probably TA-TAVI possible); Endocarditis.
- Almost all patients (exceptions may be possible in selected cases with no surgical option): too short distance between coronary ostia and aortic valve annulus, aortic annulus size out of range of available TAVI prosthesis sizes, mobile thrombi in left ventricle.

##### Relative contraindications:

- unfavorable aortic root morphology,
- unfavorable valve morphology (e.g. bicuspid valve, extent of calcification, pattern of calcification),
- mobile thrombi of the aorta

#### Cardiovascular criteria pro SAVR

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| • Additional cardiac conditions requiring surgery, e.g. structural mitral regurgitation, tricuspid regurgitation | • CAD not suited for PCI (according to heart team evaluation) |
| • aneurysm of the ascending aorta  | • Need for myectomy in LVOT-hypertrophy                       |

### Patient information (excerpt)

<input type="checkbox"/> EuroScore II:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Symptoms:	NYHA class:	CCS class:	Syncope
<input type="checkbox"/> ECG:	Rhythm:	Block:	
<input type="checkbox"/> Aortic stenosis:	AVA:	MPG:	Low Flow:
<input type="checkbox"/> Concomitant valve disease:	Mitral:	Tricuspid:	PAH (syst. mmHg):
<input type="checkbox"/> CAD:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Previous cardiac surgery:			
<input type="checkbox"/> TAVI-CT (measurements):	Anulus:	Femoral -Diameter:	Distance LCA/RCA:
<input type="checkbox"/> Vascular access:	PAD:	Kinking:	Calcification:
<input type="checkbox"/> Additional information:			